## Medication instructions for Mohs surgery patients

These instructions are to be followed before and after your surgery.

Our goal is to help you identify substances that will increase your tendency to bleed at the time of surgery and during the post-operative period.

## Please CONTINUE \_\_

## taking all PRESCRIBED blood thinning medications such as:

- □ Coumadin (Warfarin)
- ☐ Persantine (Dipyridamole)
- ☐ Pradaxa (Dabigatran)
- □ Plavix (Clopidogrel)
- ☐ Ticlid (Ticlopidine)
- □ Aspirin Continue your Aspirin if prescribed by your doctor for atrial fibrillation, stents in heart, blood clots, stroke or other medical condition.

## Please STOP \_

**DOLOEID** 

taking all NON-PRESCRIBED blood thinning medications.

The following is a list of common over-the-counter medications and substances that may increase your tendency to bleed and should be discontinued 2 weeks prior to surgery.

ALKA SELTZER	DRISTAN	NAPROSYN
ADVIL	EASPRIN	NORGESIC
ANACIN	ECOTRIN	NUPRIN
ANAPROX (Aleve)	EMPIRIN	PERCODAN
APC	EMPRAZIL	PHENAPHEN
ASA	EXCEDRIN	ROBAXISAL
ASCODEEN	FELDENE	RUFIN
ASCRIPTION	FISH OIL/OMEGA 3	SINE OFF
ASPIRIN	FLORINAL	SINE AID
BUFFERIN	GARLIC	TRANDATE
BRUFEN	GINKGO BILOBA	TRENTAL
CEPHALGESIC	IBUPROFEN	TRIGESIC
CHERACOL CAPSULE	INDOCIN	TRILISATE
CHILDREN'S ASPIRIN	INDOMETHACIN	VANQUISH
CHLOROQUINE	MEDIPREN	VITAMIN E
CORICIDINE	MIDOL	VOLTAREN
DARVON	MOTRIN	ZACTRIN
DARVON WITH ASA	MULTIVITAMINS	ZORFRIN

**NALFON**